

#### **UNITED STATES**

ITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REP FORM X-17A-5

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-51965

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a 3 Thereunder

FACING PAG

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	NING 1	l/ <b>1/2009</b>	AND ENDING	12/31	/2009
<b>A.</b>	REGISTRANT	DENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Ma	artin Wolf Secu	ırities LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (I	Oo not use P.0	D. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
4000 Executive Parkway, Suite 51	5				
~ -		nd Street)			
San Ramon	CA		94583		
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUME	BER OF PERSO	N TO CON	TACT IN REGA	RD TO THI	S REPORT
Hubert B.Willman				925	3-355-0110
				(Area	Code – Telephone Number)
В	ACCOUNTAN	T IDENTI	FICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	ANT whose option	on is containe	d in this Report*		
Ernst Wintter & Associates, Ce	rtified Public A	Accountants	<b>S</b>		
	(Name – if individ	ual, state last, fi	rst, middle name)	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	
675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite	B-213,	Walnut Cr	eek, Ca	lifornia	94596
(Address)	(City)	, (	Sate)	(Zip Code)	<del></del>
CHECK ONE:			•		
Certified Public Accountant					
☐ Public Accountant					
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted State or any o	f its possessi	ons.		
	FOR OFFIC	CIAL USE	ONLY		
Marine Ma		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I. Hubert B.Willman, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Martin Wolf Securities LLC as of 12/31/2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows: NONE K. DEB COMM. # 1722945 NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA CONTRA COSTA COUNTY MY COMM. EXP. FEB. 2, 2011 KDeb Notary Public This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):  $\checkmark$ Facing page (a)

- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## Martin Wolf Securities LLC December 31, 2009

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675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Managing Member Martin Wolf Securities LLC San Ramon, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Martin Wolf Securities LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows, for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis in our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Martin Wolf Securities LLC at December 31, 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I & II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Stlink + Association

March 15, 2010

## **Statement of Financial Condition**

## **December 31, 2009**

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	565,971
Prepaid expenses		2,832
Note receivable, net of unamortized discount		150,691
Investment		65,000
Total Assets	\$	784,494
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,749
Member's equity	······································	769,745
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	784,494

## **Statement of Income**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue	
Investment banking fees	\$ 2,109,862
Interest income	6,832
Total Revenue	2,116,694
Expenses	
Professional fees	17,165
Other operating expenses	23,662
Total Expenses	40,827
Net Income	\$ 2,075,867

## Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

December 31, 2008	\$ 203,878
Distributions	(1,510,000)
Net income	2,075,867
December 31, 2009	\$ 769,745

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

\$	2,075,867
	(145,000)
	(65,000)
	(5,691)
	(47)
	7,812
,	(18,098)
	1,849,843
	(1,510,000)
	(1,510,000)
	339,843
	226,128
\$	565,971

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2009** 

#### 1. Organization

Martin Wolf Securities LLC (the Company) was organized as a California limited liability company on June 25, 1999 and terminates on June 25, 2029 unless extended or terminated sooner. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Martin Wolf Associates Incorporated and operates in San Ramon, California. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a securities broker dealer and engages in mergers and acquisition consulting primarily with high technology companies on a fee basis.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### Investment banking fees

Investment banking revenues are earned from providing merger and acquisition advisory services. Revenue is recognized when earned either by fee contract or the success of a predetermined specified event and the income is reasonably determinable. Fees are earned in both cash and securities. Fees earned in the form of securities are valued at market.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits held in banks and certain highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, other than those held for sale in the ordinary course of business, to be cash equivalents.

#### Accounts receivable

The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided. Management reviews accounts receivable and amounts are charged to operations when they are determined uncollectible.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities which represent financial instruments (none of which are held for trading purposes) approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

#### **Income taxes**

The Company, a limited liability company, is taxed as a division of its sole member under the Internal Revenue Code and a similar state statute. In lieu of income taxes, the Company passes 100% of its taxable income and expenses to its sole member. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes is included in these financial statements. However, the Company is subject to the annual California LLC tax of \$800.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2009** 

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### **Determination of Fair Value**

Under the Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Company bases its fair value on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between participants at the measurement date. It is the Company's policy to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Fair value measurements for assets and liabilities where there exists limited or no observable market data and, therefore, are based primarily upon management's own estimates, are often calculated based on current pricing policy, the economic and competitive environment, the characteristics of the asset or liability and other such factors. Therefore, the results cannot be determined with precision and may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the asset or liability. Additionally, there may be inherent weaknesses in any calculation technique, and changes in the underlying assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows, that could significantly affect the results of current or future value.

Following is a description of valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term financial instruments, accounts receivable and accounts payable

The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2009** 

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

#### Investment in joint venture

During the year, the Company earned advisory fees for the sale of DLT Solutions, Inc. In lieu of cash, the Company received a 3% interest in a newly formed, joint venture between DLT Solutions Holdings, Inc. and Martin Wolf Securities LLC called DLT-MWS, LLC ("DLT-MWS"). DLT-MWS holds a 38.7% interest in DLT Group Holdings. Since market prices are not available for the valuation of this investment, the Company contracted an independent, third party to determine the fair value of the instrument. This third party determined the value by estimating a probability of exercise at discrete intervals over time, calculating the value of the investment at each interval, and summing the value of the investment at each interval.

#### Assets Measured and Recognized at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The table below presents the amounts of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2009:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	 Total
Assets at fair value:				
Investment in joint venture		-	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000
Total assets at fair value	-	-	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000

#### Changes in Level 3 instruments for the year ended December 31, 2009

The table below summarizes the activity for nonmarketable equity securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant Level 3 inputs for the year ended December 31, 2009:

	-	Level 3 ecurities
Balance at 12/31/08 Transfers in (out)	\$	- 65,000
Balance at 12/31/09	\$	65,000

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2009

#### 4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's unfirom net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined. At December 31, 2009, the Company's net capital was \$548,668 which exceeded the requirement by \$543,668.

#### 5. Risk Concentration

Due to the nature of the merger and acquisition business, the Company's revenue during the period was primarily the result of a few transactions. Approximately 88% of revenue was generated from two customers and 100% of accounts receivable was due from one customer.

Deposits at a financial institution exceeded the federally insured limits by \$193,287.

#### 6. Related Party Transaction

Martin Wolf Associates Incorporated (MWA) is the Company's sole member. MWA provides office space and pays most overhead expenses for the Company. The Company's results of operations and financial position could differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous.

#### 7. Note receivable

The Company received a \$200,000 note receivable with a stated interest rate of 3% in exchange for services. The note is payable in four annual installments beginning October 2010 and was guaranteed by two principals in the tranaction. Due to the nature and term of the note, the Company contracted an independent third party for valuation of the note. Based on the characteristics of the debt, the note was discounted to \$145,000 based on a target return of 17.5%.

Discounted note receivable consists of the following:

Face value of note receivable	\$ 200,000
Allowance for discount	(55,000)
Imputed interest for 10/12/09 - 12/31/09	5,691
Net carrying value of note receivable	\$ 150,691
Charge to income relating to discount of note	\$ 4,376

#### 8. Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 15, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### Schedule I

# Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

### As of December 31, 2009

Net Capital	
Total member's equity	\$ 769,745
Less: Non-allowable assets	
Prepaid expenses	2,832
Note receivable, net of unamortized discount	150,691
Investment	65,000
Total non-allowable assets	218,523
Net capital before haircuts	\$ 551,222
Less: Haircuts on securities	2,554
Net capital	\$ 548,668
Net minimum capital requirement of 6 2/3 % of aggregate indebtedness of	
\$14,749 or \$5,000 whichever is greater	 5,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ 543,668

# Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009

et Capital per above Computation	\$ 548,66
Increase in non-allowable assets	(5,69
Increase in member's equity	5,69
let capital, as reported in Company's Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009	\$ 548,66

**Schedule II** 

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under

Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i). All customer transactions are processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under

Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i).

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

#### Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Managing Member Martin Wolf Securities LLC San Ramon, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Martin Wolf Securities LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2009, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated March 15, 2010.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the FINRA, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Et With + Associate

March 15, 2010

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 (925) 933-2626 Fax (925) 944-6333

#### SIPC Supplemental Report

Managing Member Martin Wolf Securities LLC San Ramon, California

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period ended December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Martin Wolf Securities LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Martin Wolf Securities LLC's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the period ended December 31, 2009, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the period ended December 31, 2009 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

+ Association

March 15, 2010

I WIM

# (29-REV 12/09)

# SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION 805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215 202-371-8300

#### **Transitional Assessment Reconciliation**

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

(29-REV 12/09)

#### TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

051965 FINRA DEC MARTIN WOLF SECURITIES LLC 17*18 4000 EXECUTIVE PKWY STE 515	Note: If any of the information s requires correction, please e-m form@sipc.org and so indicate of Name and telephone number of	ail any corrections to on the form filed.
SAN RAMON CA 94583-4206 	respecting this form.	
A. General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (no	ot less than \$150 minimum)]	\$ 5176.89
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including $5 - 11 - 09$	\$150 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest)	(1175.63
Date Paid		
C. Less prior overpayment applied		(
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		4001.26
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instru	uction E) fordays at 20% per annum	//ຄຄ. 2.
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (o	or overpayment carried forward)	\$ 4001.26
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:		
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	s_4001.26	_
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward	\$( 	) on number):
	\$(	recurities LLC inership or other organization)
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in  E SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby t all information contained herein is true, correct complete.	\$(	ecurities LCC (nership or other organization)
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in  e SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby tall information contained herein is true, correct complete.  ed the day of, 20_10_	\$(	inership or other organization)  and Signature)
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in  E SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby t all information contained herein is true, correct complete.	this form (give name and 1934 Act registration)  Martin Wolf  (Name of Corporation, Partin Cauthorize  President  (days after the end of the fiscal year. Retail	inership or other organization)  and Signature)
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in  e SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby tall information contained herein is true, correct complete.  ed the day of day of day form and the assessment payment is due 60	this form (give name and 1934 Act registration)  Martin Wolf  (Name of Corporation, Partin Cauthorize  President  (days after the end of the fiscal year. Retail	inership or other organization)  and Signature)
Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in  e SIPC member submitting this form and the son by whom it is executed represent thereby tall information contained herein is true, correct complete.  ed the day of full formation and the assessment payment is due 60 a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2	this form (give name and 1934 Act registration)  The time of Corporation, Particular and Authorized President  days after the end of the fiscal year. Retail years in an easily accessible place.	inership or other organization)  and Signature)

## DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

		Amounts for the fiscal period beginning April 1, 2009 and ending 12c 31, 2009 Eliminate cents
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9. Code 4030)		\$ 2070757
Additions:     (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries predecessors not included above.	s (except foreign subsidiaries) and	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading	g accounts.	9873500 Andrew Control of the Contro
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trad	ling accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining iter	m 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underv	writing or distribut on of securities.	and the second of the second design of the second of the s
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees profit from management of or participation in underwriting	s and legal fees deducted in determining net or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.		
Total additions		
Deductions:     (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered op investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from advisory services rendered to registered investment comparaccounts, and from transactions in security futures productions.	the business of insurance, from investment anies or insurance company separate	
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.		
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other securities transactions.	SIPC members in connection with	
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.		
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.		
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transaction (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial pap from issuance date.	ns in (i) certificates of deposit and per that mature nine months or less	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred at the securities business (revenue defined by Sec	rred in connection with other revenue tion 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the (See Instruction C):	e securities business.	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PA Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	ART IIA Line 13, \$	
(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities account (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	fs \$	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)		
Total deductions		
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		\$ 2670757
2e. General Assessment @ .0025		\$ 2670757 \$ 5176.89

(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)

**Annual Audit Report** 

**December 31, 2009** 



ERNST WINTTER & ASSOCIATES
Certified Public Accountants